

EUROPEAN COHESION POLICY: CITIES AND JOBS

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COHESION POLICY 2014-2020

- Informal Dialogue on programming with Member States underway
- Enhanced integrated approach, including of ERDF and ESF
- Increased strategic focus: geared to addressing objectives of Europe 2020
- Emphasis on effectiveness and results
- Territorial dimension strengthened



TACKLING YOUTH UNEMPLOYMENT

- Twice as high as for adults: 23.5% end first quarter 2013, > 50% in some countries
- 7.5 million in age group 15-24 neither in employment, education or training (NEETs)
- Youth Employment Package with recommendation on Youth Guarantee
- To be implemented through ESF and and Youth Employment Initiative
- Key issue in Informal Dialogue



ERDF SUPPORT FOR JOBS

- Supports productive investment, especially through aid to SME's, thus contributing to creating and safeguarding sustainable jobs
- Concentration on investments in innovation,
 ICT applications and the green economy
- Provides finance: loans, venture capital, guarantees
- ERDF and ESF together: Action Teams 2012 target € 16 billions in 8 Member States



REINFORCED URBAN DIMENSION

- Ring-fenced financing for sustainable urban development (minimum 5% ERDF allocations)
- Based on strategies setting out integrated actions tackling challenges affecting urban areas (economic, environmental, social, demographic)
- Cooperation of cities through continuation of URBACT programme



EXAMPLES OF INCLUSION PROJECTS2007-2013 PERIOD

- Bremen: Robinsbalje Learning
 Neighbourhood, single facility offering
 education, health and employment services in
 deprived area
- SusseS: cross-border cooperation project in UK, Belgium and France developing new approaches to employment in disadvantaged neighbourhoods



MACROREGIONAL STRATEGIES: THE PRESENT

- Aim to address issues that require transnational strategic framework, networks and projects
- Bring together all relevant financing sources in a coherent framework
- Baltic Sea strategy: first strategy with participation of Union of Baltic Cities
- Actions to combat youth unemployment, lifelong learning, mobility etc.



MACROREGIONAL STRATEGIES: THE FUTURE

- To continue in 2014-2020 period
- Closer linkages with new programmes (national and territorial cooperation) will help enhance content and coordination
- Improved governance: transnational programmes to support role of core functions (Priority Area Coordinators, National Contact Points).